

For Sale

COAL

DR. J. B. HARRINGTON, V.S.

Western Globe.

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And Increasing Daily

VOLUME XI

CHAS. B. HALPIN, Editor and Manager

LACOMBE, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1914

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Lower Prices on Ford Cars

EFFECTIVE FROM AUGUST 1, 1914, TO AUGUST 1, 1915, AND GUARANTEED AGAINST ANY REDUCTION DURING THAT TIME. ALL CARS FULLY EQUIPPED F.O.B. FORD, ONT.

Touring Car	\$590
Runabout	540
Town	840

In the Dominion of Canada Only

Buyers to Share in Profits

ALL RETAIL BUYERS OF NEW FORDS FROM AUGUST 1ST, 1914, TO AUGUST 1ST, 1915, WILL SHARE IN THE PROFITS OF THE COMPANY TO THE EXTENT OF \$40 TO \$60 PER CAR, ON EACH CAR THEY BUY, PROVIDED: WE SELL AND DELIVER 30,000 NEW FORD CARS DURING THAT PERIOD.

ASK FOR PARTICULARS.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY

of Canada, Limited

Morrison & Johnston Ltd.

Hardware Furniture Implements

EMPIRE GARAGE

The Empire Factory

have Reduced the Price of Their Car \$50.00 for 1915

You can now buy an EMPIRE for \$1450

W. E. TEES



Capital and Reserves

Fully Paid \$14,000,000.00

Established 1864

Wide Connections Established Position Strong Assets

Loans Negotiated

Agricultural and Commercial Enterprise Assisted.

Deposits Received

Open a Savings Bank Account and Build up a Cash Reserve. Interest Allowed at Highest Current Rates.

Money Transfers

Made to or From any Point

LACOMBE OFFICE--W.A. SHIELDS, Manager

The Student's Tools Are School Supplies

You can't expect your children to do good work in school unless you provide them with the necessary supplies. We have all the up-to-date school sundries bought in such large quantities that we can usually afford you a saving.

SCRIBBLERS, EXERCISE BOOKS, TABLETS, PENS, PENCILS, PEN HOLDERS, CRAYONS, INKS, ERASERS, SLATES, RULERS, ETC.

ALL THE AUTHORIZED PUBLIC AND HIGH SCHOOL TEXT BOOKS.

The McDermid Drug Co., Ltd.
D. A. Lothian, Manager

Lacombe Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company

FARMERS!

WHEN DOES YOUR INSURANCE RUN OUT? WHEN RENEWING SEE US FOR LOW RATES.

H. J. ANGEL EVANS, H. W. METCAL, S. C. HARTLEY.
Our office is over the Union Bank, Lacombe. Call and see us if you want cheap and safe insurance.

First Showing of Fall 1914 Coats for Ladies' and Misses'

THE NEW COATS

PRICES FROM \$10.00.

Fall Coats for Ladies in great variety. All styles are distinctive. Balmacaans, Flare Effects, Cape Coats, Directoire Coats, beautifully tailored and finished and lined, at very moderate prices.

Ladies' Grey Zibeline Coat, Directoire style, new Raglan sleeves, velvet collar and buttons. A Bargain..... \$10.00

Ladies' Mole colored Coat in Silk Curl Cloth; a stylish and very useful Coat, heavy, lined Italian throughout. Special \$17.50

LOVELY ARE THESE NEW VELVETEENS

SO MODERATELY PRICED

Plain colors in a richly finished quality Velveteen, width 24 inches; Navy, Light and Dark Purple, Grey, Royal, Myrtle, Cardinal, Scarlet, White and Black. Per yard..... 65c.

Fine Corded Velveteens, the most popular for this season's wear, 27 inches wide, all newest colors. Per yard..... 75c.

Brocaded Cord Velvets in Grey, Maroon, Brown. Per yard..... \$1.00

CHILDRENS FALL COATS

A splendid choice in Coats for Children--Balmacaans, Velvets, Chinchillas and Heavy Tweeds, at Low Prices.

NEW SILK OR WOOL DRESS GOODS

NOVELTIES ALL VERY MODERATELY PRICED

This Season's most favored Silk and Wool Dress Goods Novelties. Beautiful colorings, marked at prices as low as any former season. Our Dressmaking Department is prepared to do the best work at very moderate prices.

New Wide Wale Whipcords, a rich all wool material, 45 inches wide; colors, Marine, Delft, Royal, Purple and Black. Price, per yard..... \$1.00

Navy Serges, qualities from..... 50c to \$1.75

Chiffon Broadcloth, in a lovely quality, warranted not to spot, 50 inches wide; colors, Russian, Green, Navy, Purple, Copen, Havana, Beetroot, Greys, and Black. Per yard..... \$1.50

Silk and Wool Crepe de Paris, a rich, beautiful and weighty material; colors are Prussian Green, Leige Blue, Marine, Carmine and Black. Per yard..... \$2.00

Crepe Broche, a lovely Silk goods, in all the new colors, 42 inches wide. Per yard..... \$3.00

MONDAY LABOR DAY - STORE CLOSED



TO be really well dressed on formal occasions is a true index to a man's reputation as a good dresser. Any man may safely put his reputation for good dressing in the hands of the makers of

ART CLOTHES

They realize their responsibility.

MISSES' COATS

MARKED AT APPEALINGLY LOW PRICES

Coats for Misses in a wider choice and better styles than we have ever shown. Misses' Leopard Coat, a very stylish and distinctive model, made of Heavy Silk Zibeline, looking exactly like the most fashionable real Leopard Skin. Priced only \$17.50

Beautiful Coats of Heavy Chinchilla Cloth, in lovely styles. Colors, Irish, Mahogany, and Prussian Blue. Priced only \$25.00

Other models from \$7.00 to 22.50



FOR SCHOOL - Boys' and Girls' Outfits at Economy Prices

Boys' heavy, wide rib, all pure wool Cashmere Hose, sizes 6 to 10; warranted good wear. Prices. 30c. up

Girls' All Wool Fine Hose for Fall and Winter wear. Prices from..... 35c.

Boys' and Girls' School Boots. We carry a full range of qualities in "Amherst Shoes." We guarantee the wear. All are hand sewn with double waxed linen thread; only solid leather used in their manufacture.

Girls' Wool Dresses in new styles, nicely made and prettily trimmed. Prices..... \$3.00 to 5.00

Boys' School Suits, good fit and wear. Prices..... \$3.50 to 8.00

F. E. McLEOD

"The Store of Better Values"

LACOMBE

BUSINESS CARDS

MacDonald & McBride
A. M. MACDONALD, B. A., J. B. MCBRIDE
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries and Conveyancers.
Solicitors for Town of Lacombe, Merchant's Bank of Canada, Union Bank of Canada, R. G. Dunn & Co., The Colonial Investment & Loan Company, Etc., Etc.
Company and Private Funds to loan on Town and Farm property.
Lacombe Office, Merchant's Bank Building.
P. O. Drawer 1. Phone No. 6.

EDWIN H. JONES
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary.
Office: Barnett Avenue, Lacombe, Alta.

JOHN MCKENTY
Notary, Conveyancer, Accountant, Office and Notary, Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Office: DAY BLOOM, Lacombe.

PHONE 153. P.O. BOX 74

Dr. R. Roberts
F. R. C. V. S., Lond., Eng.
Alberta St., Opp. Methodist Church.

Veterinary Surgeon
Government Veterinary Inspector

For Artistic Show Cards and Window Cards
To advertise your Goods, see, or write to

C. HARDY
P. O. Box 302, Lacombe.

Mrs. P. McDonald
Teacher of PIANO and ORGAN
Painting in Oils and Water Colors.
GLASS ST. PHONE 149

F. TAYLOR BLACKSMITH
Horseshoeing a Specialty

Louis Ritz
CONTRACTOR and BUILDER
Estimates Given Free. Shop at Atlas Lumber Co. Yards.
Phone 49

Lacombe Bath Room
In the McLean Basement, opp. Merchants' Bank.
Now open under new management. Prices, 35c.
D. FLEWELLING, Prop.

J. Bullis
is now prepared to clean yards, haul out manure, or do other team work.

F.W. Gokey, v.s.
Office at J. Fortune's Livery, Lacombe, Alta. (J14-15)

Wm. Teward
Plasterer, Bricklayer, Cement Work, Stone Work and Fireplaces a Specialty.
Lacombe, Alta.
Burris Ave.

Layzell & Durno
Auctioneers and Live Stock Commission Agents
520 Centre Street, Calgary.

If you have any Horses or Cattle to sell, ship them to us. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Cheeld & Son
CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS
Plans and Estimates Free
PHONE 8 for Workshop, at Trimble-Garland Lumber Yard N.B.—Screen work promptly attended to.

HAIL INSURANCE

GOOD COMPANIES
LOW RATES
IMMEDIATE ADJUSTMENT
PROMPT SETTLEMENT

Jesse Fraser Agency

ECLIPSE PUMP WORKS

F. V. PARSONS, Prop.
Pumps of all kinds, Windmills, Gasoline Engines.

Electrical Supplies of all kinds
Batteries, Spotlights, Lamps, Etc.

NANTON ST. - LACOMBE.



HOME RAISED
Veal—raised in wholesome surroundings—you've never eaten better than you'll find in Cole & Slater's shop. Lamb, tender and juicy. Freshly killed and plucked Spring chickens—the best on the market. Always the choicest and best cuts of meat, poultry, game, etc.

COLE & SLATER
Telephone 15
Lacombe Alberta

For Sale

183 acres, half mile from Blackfalds, some improvements, \$25 per acre.

158 acres, some improvements, 44 miles from Blackfalds, half mile from school, \$2,300; terms easy.

A quarter section 41 miles west of Blackfalds, 5 miles from Sylvan Lake P.O. and stations, 26 acres under cultivation, buildings, fences, well, etc., \$2,700. Cash, \$700, balance on easy terms.

J. McNicol
Blackfalds, Alta.

LACOMBE SECOND-HAND STORE.

I buy and sell second-hand goods.

I handle Bankrupt Stock—Clothing, Hardware, Furniture, Beds, Springs and Mattresses, the Famous Monarch line of Stoves and Ranges, Cooking Utensils, Trunks and Valises, Galvanized and Enamelware, Sewing Machines, Guns and Ammunitions, Photographs and Records, Musical Instruments of all kinds, and Jewelry. Real Estate bought and sold. Get my prices before buying.
(524-15) O. BOODE, Nanton St.

Alberta Stable

Having leased the Alberta Stables, Glass Street, I am now prepared to do a general livery and feed business.

Special attention paid to farmers' business and feeding. General trading of all kinds.

TERMS REASONABLE

The Alberta Stable
THOS. DAGG, Prop.

HIDDEN BATTERY WIPES OUT 3,000.

London, Aug. 26.—A Reuter dispatch from Paris says that an entire division of German cavalry that crossed the frontier and raided French territory was completely annihilated when it appeared before a hidden French battery. The Uhlans, moved down, were either killed, wounded or taken prisoners. A German cavalry division consists of 3,000 men.

BLOOD

Blood has already been shed in the existing war by our Canadian soldiery. In one case the victim was a Canadian as loyal and as innocent of any harm as the man who did the shooting.

It was a French regiment, who was actually on his way to join his colors in the army of England's ally. In each case the soldier was exonerated by the military authorities, which now are in a state of war-take precedence over the civil administration in such matters.

Much of the blame must rest on the epigrammatic instruction, "Shoot to kill," which was issued along with the distribution of ammunition, a motto which tells with fearful precision, and brevity, the errand on which men go forth to fight. The purpose of the instruction was, of course, to remind the soldiers that they were really on active service and that their duties must be taken seriously.

The alleged occasion of it was the escape of certain persons who had attempted to dynamite an elevator. It is a great pity that many of these second-hand men have been taken dead or alive. It would probably have shown that they were not national enemies but common enemies of society.

The wording was, however, somewhat "dime novelish," and most unfortunate in its primitive stage is slumbering in us all, and is often not difficult to waken.

The temporary suspension of the decalogue, whenever it is preached, has notably horrible results.

War, even necessary and righteous war, cheapens human life and lets slip ruthless or heedless impulses, which civilization usually holds in check. Just before the European war, while civil war threatened in Ireland, a body of soldiers who were attacked by a mob in Dublin fired into the crowd and killed several people.

According to the terms of the account they did not fire for one moment. The words which Holbrook Jackson wrote a couple of weeks ago are wise. "But let this war be no excuse for martial truce, for windy bravado. If fate wills our fighting, let us fight bravely, even as we fight bravely, and above all, let us fight not only for our own victory, but for the victory of humanity over unwise strife, and the disastrous arbitrariness of the modern world."

Let us, once and for all, then, even in the midst of the most devastating fatalities, force our minds to the future. In certain eventualities it is granted that inevitable now, but surely we shall not let such eventualities recur.

These words are we convinced epitomize the serious mind of England at this horrible crisis. Was it ever known before that a leading London daily could have seriously advised without being thought ludicrous that this war be carried on in the Dickens Christmas spirit? A paradox it seems, but who also has an intimate German friend thinks it unreasonable.

The Day's Best Editorial

Europe's present engagements vindicate the judgment of the advocate of naval armament. In the maelstrom of human passion and national culpability which has wrought havoc in that continent, civilization was menaced but for the fact that England and France, with their overwhelming armaments, are more than likely making due allowance for the misadventures of war, to overmaster the German navy. By sweeping German warships from the sea, commerce may be restored to an extent sufficient to sustain the opponents of Germany and her ally have become so exhausted as to compel abandonment of the Kaiser's vain lust of empire. By the force of many mighty guns the fortunes of war are likely to be turned against Germany's ambition.

It must be remembered that, however able and eager the Kaiser's 5,000,000 fighting men, however excellent his infantry and artillery, still these, in time, will fall in the face of a greater number of men possessed of the invincible. However much the Teuton's might up to the moment when Albert's heroic soldiery met Germany upon the preshield of courage, now that the and the feared and dreaded phalanx of the Kaiser are found vindicated. The world knows that Germany, since Sedan, has made little progress in tactics and that the vaunting eagerness of her soldiery to fight the Kaiser's battles is a myth. Already the world has learned in the lesson of Liege that the German ranks are more or less lethargic.

And this much having come to light, it is surprising that the Kaiser's boast that Germany can whip the world arrayed against

her carries no conviction, much less terror. Germany's land forces can not match the intrepid Belgians, Frenchmen, Englishmen and Slavs, with whom she has so boldly grappled.

If this be true, Europe's cartography may not be greatly changed save, possibly, in the south-east, by the present conflict.

If this be true, Belgium, the "battleground of Europe," may soon cease to be the fighting ground, and Germany's forces, upon the Kaiser's realm, hemmed in by all of Europe, can wage war no longer than her present force has food and ammunition to stand up.

With her entire population always at must be in such a struggle, these supplies must vanish speedily. And then, denied access to the produce of all the world her subjugation may be a matter of convenience by her enemy.

The key, then, to the situation lies in Germany's opposing armaments. By this strong force her isolation will be made so complete that no dreams of conquest in Africa, in Asia or in South America will come true. She has roused the world to genuine alarm, through grandiose announcements of her enterprise of pillage.

All nations will take good heed that her imperial war, at least to pronounce the names of the countries they learn about, and not reveal such melancholy ignorance as betrays itself in our most advanced newspapers.

One of the most interesting of the Russians having routed the Germans in Brussels. One newspaper heading told of the Servians having routed the Germans.

These suggestions, however, only play on the surface of the great question—that of good-will among men.

IMPREGNABLE FORTIFICATIONS OF PARIS.

Ever since the terrible days of November and December, 1870, when the German army camped at the very doors of Paris, the French have been building forts to withstand the German armies.

All of France is heavily fortified, but the forts of Paris, the engineers have been applied to annihilate any army that might again reach the capital.

Should invading Germans break through the network of frontier forts, and come through Belgium and escape the artillery of the French army, should they elect to skirt the heavily fortified cities and hills and strike at Paris, these invaders would be lined up and annihilated.

Like of which the world has never seen.

The network of forts about Paris contain so many minor forts that none but those at the very edge know their actual number and strength.

The tourist who visits the country frequently comes upon a little clump of trees about which the ground is uncultivated, the grass unused and the weeds rank.

If he moves close to the clump of trees he gets a glimpse of a block of masonry that reminds him of some neglected ruin.

If he tries to find out what sort of a ruin it is and is walked up to the clump of trees he does not find a neglected ruin, but a bit of clean-cut masonry sunk into the earth some 30 or 40 feet, in the centre of which is a sort of a building with huge cylinders cut here and there. If he visits here and there, he finds these huge cylinders big guns.

If he attempts, however, to verify his fancy by following the footpath that leads through the bushes and grass up to the sunken wall of masonry and earth thrown up loosely, carelessly, he will find himself suddenly facing a French soldier, who cries: "Halt!"

Then the visitor is very sure that he has stumbled upon a fort, the guns of which in peace time are merely guarded by a squad of artillerymen, but which in war time are guarded by a half regiment ready to hurl miles through the air hideous, death-dealing projectiles with the precision of a sharpshooter.

These are the forts which know a foot every bit of ground for miles around, just how their guns must be pointed to reach a certain spot and annihilate an enemy.

While Paris has had her walls, drawbridges and flanking towers and trenches for a thousand years, it was in the year 1840 that the growing city was first protected against artillery fire.

The celebrated fortifications of Paris within five years were completed at an expense of 30 million dollars.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

Now is the time to buy your flour before it goes higher. It has already gone \$1.00 per barrel in the east and may go higher. We have quite a lot of flour on hand at present and can make you a good price now on 500 bushels or more.—DAN-NEB MILLING CO.

the length of forgetting that they are nations, they may find co-operation a more natural and an easier thing than it has been. Certainly the nations called Christian will not be Christian nations till they can have one another and co-operate for each other's good.

Of course, among the working classes, ignorant as in many countries they now are, democracy will be eluded by the prejudices, which appeared everywhere. Everything unknown is a measure repellent. People speaking different languages dislike each other. Even a different accent among those speaking the same language is often an unpardonable offence. Such ignorance is very rare among ourselves just now.

It is a thing to be overcome. Why should not the schools of each country teach the children what is pleasant to other races, and dwell upon these aspirations and humanities which people hold in common. In knowledge of other nations the Anglo-Saxon is behind the world. Eastern Europeans generally know several languages. The Anglo-Saxon generally knows a speech that is not his own. Geography should be made a humanizing study. Why should not children learn geography, by heart, at least to pronounce the names of the countries they learn about, and not reveal such melancholy ignorance as betrays itself in our most advanced newspapers.

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THROWING BLAME ON THE DEAD PEACEMAKER.

Now that Great Britain and Germany are grappling in the throes of the mighty war that has been so long expected by the world, suggestions of every description as to the real cause are to be expected. It comes as a surprise, though, to hear that, although he has been in his tomb for years, the late King Edward was the one man responsible for the present European conflagration.

Such, at any rate, is the contention advanced by Professor Hugo Munsterberg of Harvard, who bases his claim on the belief that the monarch really disliked his nephew, the Emperor Wilhelm of Germany, to such an extent that he worked to turn European sentiment against that country.

The light shed upon the struggle by the knowledge of the world today, the professor is running the risk of leaving himself open to much ridicule. King Edward may have had no great love for his warlike nephew, but even so, he was too much of a diplomat to allow his feelings to so manifest themselves that international complications might result. His title of "Peacemaker" was well earned. The world knows where to fix the blame, and from the awful accusation King Edward's memory needs no defense. He was a monarch who did more for universal peace than any man of his time.

50 chairs, more than one occasion, and in talking to the contrary, the Harvard savant is, to say the least, mistaken. The men who made the European war are alive today.

A SOUND SCHEME FOR CANADA'S BENEFIT.

No better scheme than that which is advanced by the British Empire, Industrial League, has yet been submitted to Canadians. The object of this organization is the establishment throughout the Empire of a chain of industries that will make the Motherland and the Overseas Dominions independent of any other. In the colonies, it is proposed that the capital be provided by the moneyed interests of the Old Land in cases where local financing is not possible. It is pointed out that war will close in fact, has already closed, the factories of Germany and Austria, and that the industries which these coun-

tries will lose can probably be established in the British possessions. In the Motherland, a strong organization has been effected and it will take steps to arrange for the monetary support of sound projects that are launched in the Overseas Dominions. All that is necessary in Alberta is the consummation and presentation of feasible plans for factories, and the British financiers who are interested will do the rest.

A strong branch has been formed in Calgary, with Mayor Sinton at its head, and it will get busy forthwith.

The Globe speaks heartily in support of the efforts of this body, and suggests that the other municipalities in Alberta, the provincial government and the federal government be communicated with and the plan elucidated for their benefit. We feel sure that the people of Canada will see the advantages that will accrue from the carrying out of this policy and that measures will be taken immediately to reap the obvious benefits.

Canada has many opportunities during the present crisis.

AT NEW AND SECOND-HAND STORE

I have on hand at present a good stock of Second-hand Goods namely:

6 Dressers and Stands.
6 Beds, Springs and Mattresses.
1 Chiffonier.
4 Extension Tables.
50 Chairs.
7 Sewing Machines.
6 Washing Machines.
1 McClary Polished Steel Top Range.1 Born Range for restaurant.
1 4-Piece Dinner Set.
2 Cream Separators.
1 Cleveland Bicycle.
1 Perfect Bicycle.
1 Set Work Harness.
1 Set Single Harness.
1 Automobile.
The above are all goods, and some genuine bargains will be given.

Now is the time to get snaps in Short Guns before the season opens; 20 to choose from.

Rifles, all calibres, Shot and Rifle Shells, Overalls and Jack-knives, Oils and Greases.

Violins, Mandolins, Banjos, Phonographs, Pianos.

I have a well improved clear title farm 24 miles from Lacombe. I will trade for houses in Lacombe.

O. BOODE, Nanton St.

You will never be troubled with a warped or buckled range top if you buy the famous

McClary's Sask-alta

Range because top sections are made with ample provision for heat expansion. See the McClary dealer.

Sold by A. M. CAMPBELL

Watt & Hay

Dolmage Street

Near Empress Hotel

Opened Up This Week

A Shipment of

Slater Shoes, (the original),

Walker Overalls,

Men's Pants, extra values,

Gloves and Mitts,

Coat Sweaters

Watt & Hay

THE WEE STORE WITH THE BIG BARGAINS.

Centre Store, Red Brick Block, Near Empress Hotel.
Dolmage Street Lacombe

A. GILMOUR

Will pay the following prices delivered in his yards at Lacombe this week:

Choice Fat Steers, 1,100 lbs. and up...	6c.
Fat Bulls...	24c. to 3c.
Fat Oxen...	24c. to 3c.
Extra Choice Fat Heifers and Cows, 1,000 lbs. and up...	4c. to 5c.
Medium to good Fat Cows and Heifers...	3c. to 4c.
Best Hides...	8c.

HOGS—Hog prices are so uncertain that we cannot quote a steady price. Those wishing to sell, please us for prices.

Further information regarding prices can be had by phoning 200 from 7:30 a.m. till 6 p.m. Night Phone 40.

Lacombe Meat Market
Phone 95 for Honest Service

Choice Plates of Beef...	10c. per lb.
Choice Flanks of Beef...	9c. per lb.
Choice Neck of Beef...	10c. per lb.
Prime Rib Roast of Beef...	12c. to 14c. per lb.
Choice Shoulder Roast Beef...	14c. per lb.
Choice Pot Roast of Beef...	12c. to 14c. per lb.
Pork Roast, Choice...	15c. to 17c. per lb.
Trimmed Shoulders of Pork, whole...	14c. per lb.
Breakfast Sausages...	17c. per lb.
Cambridge Pork Sausage...	20c. per lb.
Made fresh daily on the premises.	

Corned Beef...	12c. per lb.
Pickled Pork...	10c. per lb.
Our Own Rendered Lard, absolutely pure...	
3 lbs...	55c.
5 lbs...	85c.
10 lbs...	\$1.05

Fish fresh from the Coast, Mondays and Thursdays.

Phone 95. THOS. THORP, Prop. Box 135.

Arbordale News

The box social held at Pleasant Hill school house last week was a great success. Proceeds amounted to \$36. Dinning was very brisk and money seemed plentiful.

O. C. White, B.S.A., was a visitor of S. H. Aldwinckle's on Tuesday of last week.

Members, please take notice of the next regular U.F.A. meeting in this district and attend, as business of importance is to be transacted.

Threshing has commenced in this district, D. C. Fawcett being the first to begin operations.

The friends of Mr. J. J. Douglas are very pleased to hear of his success at the Fair last week in winning one of the races.

U.F.A. MEETING.

The next regular meeting of this Union will be held next Monday, Sept. 7th. Members please remember this date, as business of importance is on hand.

ERNEST MADDEN, Sec.

Iowalta News

A chicken supper will be held at the residence of F. H. Taylor on Friday next. Supper, adults, 25c; children, 15c. All are welcome.

Harvesting in these parts is well advanced. In many places the threshing will have begun.

Miss Roxana Ziehl, who has been visiting her grandparents for the last two weeks, returned home on Friday last.

W. Kinley, Pat. Ziehl and Percy Fridley took a number of good beef cattle to Lacombe on Monday.

Don't forget the social on Sept. 4th.

Bentley News

Harvesting is nearly finished and threshing will commence this week and will be general next week, from present conditions.

The Blindman Valley will do its share towards feeding the English army over on the continent.

Among those taking the high school work in Lacombe are Gene Millar, Marie Osmond, Alice McPherson, Ethel Blish, James Millar, Caleb Morison and Lyman McPherson.

Miss Alice Blish is also staying in Lacombe and taking up military work.

C. F. Damron shipped two carloads of cattle last week from Lacombe, thinking that he might need the money before shipment could be made via the new line from Bentley.

The meeting of the stockholders of the Lacombe and Blindman Valley Electric Railway Co. was held at Lacombe on Wednesday last, but was adjourned until Sept. 26th.

The grading on the new line has practically stopped, with a few pieces unfinished, where injunctions had held up the work.

The fencing crew is still busy, and will likely finish their work as far as the grading is done.

The engineers are still on the work, with considerable to do yet before the contractors all have their estimates.

J. B. McPherson now has one of the new residences in the Village, and will move into it this week.

Damron & Thorp have taken over the butcher shop at Bentley previously operated by F. Cheesman, and will carry a full line of meats, etc.

Damron & Thorp

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE.

Bentley Alberta

A Quarter Section at \$1,680 cash if sold at once; 2 miles from Railroad.

An acreage at snap prices, inside town limits of Bentley.

Agents for the Lacombe Farmers' Mutual Fire Ins. Co.

Call and see us.

Rainy Creek News

Miss Annie Thompson left Monday for Calgary, where she expects to enter the high school for the ensuing year.

Miss Mildred Carritt returned to school in Lacombe this week. Mrs. H. Peterson and family were called to Red Deer last week owing to the serious illness of her father, Mr. French.

Jud Carritt has been on the sick list for the past week.

WAR NEWS SUMMARY.

(September 1.)

A long official statement is issued by the French war office regarding the operations in Belgium and along the French frontier.

A new retirement by the allied forces is recorded, while at the same time the statement is optimistic with reference to the opposition which the British and French are offering to the German advance.

No definite details are forthcoming regarding the general battle, which apparently is in progress all along the line.

The French war minister has inspected the supplementary defenses around Paris, which are being rapidly pushed forward in anticipation of a possible investment of the French capital.

An Antwerp despatch credits General Paul with a victory over 50,000 German troops. Whether this is a new victory or one to which reference was made several days ago, is not known.

Days ago, a report from Belgium and her children have arrived in England.

According to official advices received at Washington, France is considering the advisability of moving the seat of government to Bordeaux.

Great Britain has joined with France in objecting to the purchase by the United States of German liners in connection with the plan to build up an American merchant marine.

It is reported by steamship officers arriving in Honolulu that British warships off Hong Kong are holding up all vessels including those under the American flag and removing Germans and Austrians bound to the scene of hostilities.

The moratorium proclaimed at the outbreak of the war in Great Britain has been retained for another month.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF ALBERTA, JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF WETASKIWIN

Between C. H. Whitworth, Plaintiff, and Stephen Farago, Defendant.

To the above-named defendant.

Take Notice that this action was commenced against you on the 19th day of September, 1913, to recover the sum of \$73.08, being the principal sum and interest accrued thereon due by you to the plaintiff under and by virtue of a Promissory Note dated the 20th day of February, 1912, for the sum of \$65.00 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.

And Further Take Notice that by order of the Court dated the 2nd day of September, 1914, you are required to appear on or before the 19th day of October, 1914, to cause an appearance to be entered for you at the Office of the Deputy Clerk of Court, Red Deer, Alberta, and that in default of your so doing the plaintiff may proceed with this action and judgment may be entered against you in your absence.

Dated at Lacombe, Alberta, this 2nd day of September, 1914. MACDONALD & MCBRIDE, Solicitors for the Plaintiff. (S2-3c)

Denike & Bulger

Jewelers, Lacombe.

"The Store of Worth and Beauty."

Holder of M. R. License

The Royal Bank of Canada

Bentley, Alberta

Sub-branch to Lacombe

Office hours 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

J.P. McPHERSON

Notary Public and Conveyancer

Loans and Insurance.

Holder of Marriage Licenses

C. F. DAMRON

Live Stock & Farm Sale

AUCTIONEER

BENTLEY - ALBERTA

20 years' experience buying, selling and breeding live stock qualifies me as a valuator of your stock.

FIGHT AT HELIGOLAND MOST DISASTROUS TO GERMAN SHIPS

London, Aug. 30.—The crews of destroyers which have arrived in port say that at least eleven German vessels of various sizes were sunk in an engagement off Heligoland towards the end of the battle some English pinasses engaged in picking up Germans struggling in the water were followed by the German squadron and had to beat a hasty retreat, leaving the men to their fate.

A Central News despatch from Amsterdam says the German official version of the North Sea defeats confirms the British crews' version in every particular.

It says the total number of ships lost by the Germans was eleven of all types, and the loss of life was very heavy. The victory has aroused great enthusiasm in Antwerp, the populace there having lost the last vestige of its former dread of a sea attack by the German fleet.

HEADQUARTERS OF KAISER MOVED TO SCENE OF FIGHT AGAINST RUSSIAN ARMIES.

London, Sept. 1.—The correspondence of the Express telegraphs from The Hague says: "There is the greatest alarm in Berlin over the advance of the Russian troops. The news that the Emperor has left the western headquarters and moved to the Russian front has shown the residents of the capital where the immediate peril of their safety lies."

"A story has been circulated that the Russians are preparing to avenge Louvain by treating the city of Berlin in the same way as the Germans treated that city. Many of the populace who can get away are going to Norway, Denmark and Switzerland."

In connection with the siege of Liege, it is told here that the German artillery experts, after vainly trying every type of field gun at their command against the forts, sent to the Krupp factory a new fourteen-inch naval gun, which was set down four miles from the nearest Liege fort. The first shot fired from it hit the officers' mess house inside the Belgian fortifications, killing 125 men.

BRITISH TAKE OVER WIRELESS STATIONS.

New York, Sept. 1.—The British government has commandeered the three high power wireless stations at Poldhu, Torsyn, and Carnarvon, in Wales, and has made an emergency war ruling that no merchant vessel carrying wireless apparatus may send messages while within three miles of the English coast, according to information received yesterday by E. J. Nally, vice president and general manager of the Marconi Wireless Company of America.

"I have just been notified that

AUCTION SALE AT BLACKFALDS.

Under instructions from Dr. Elliott, who is leaving for the East, I will sell by Public Auction, at his residence, on THURSDAY, SEPT. 10

Commencing at 1 o'clock, the following household furniture: 2 Grass Chairs, 1 Rocker, 1 Wilton Rug, new; 1 Brussels Rug, new; 1 Leather Arm Chair and Rocker; Sideboard; Dining Table; Early English Oak; 2 Dressers; 1 Dresser, fumed oak; 1 Table, fumed oak; 1 Library Table; Leather and Oak Dining Chair; 1 Range; 2 Heaters; Restmore Mattress; Springs and Beds; first quality new Couch; Child's Crib; and other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms—All amounts under Ten Dollars, cash; over that sum a credit of four months will be given with interest at 8 per cent. S. W. PAISLEY, Auctioneer. (S2-2c)

Today's Offering of Solid Gold Rings

Today we place on display an unusual selection of Solid Gold Rings.

This display is of rare beauty. There isn't a ring in the lot which would not do justice to the hand of the most fastidious man or woman.

Yet they are not expensive rings. We might offer you Rings at higher prices, but we could offer you nothing more beautiful at any price.

We would like you to come and see these Jeweled Rings while the selection is still complete. Drop in today and look them over.

PAUL HOTSON

Royal Bank Building, Lacombe.

Jeweler and Optician.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Classified Ads.

FOR SALE

HOGS—If you want a Pure-bred Berkshire Hog, see ours. We have over 50 to choose from; prices reasonable.—C. W. Gaites, R.R. 3, Lacombe. Phone R702. (D24-1f-c)

WANTED

FARM—Quarter section good land, 50 acres under cultivation, 3 miles from Lacombe, good house and barn; give us an offer; will be a snap for someone—Apply Box "R," Western Globe. (A5-3m-c)

TO RENT

ROOMS—Two nicely furnished rooms to rent—Apply Mrs. G. Pleasants, cor. Oliver Ave. and Edmonton Trail. (J22-1f-c)

LOST

WATCH FOB—Silver Watch Fob, engraved Waupaca High School Athletics, Waupaca, Wis. Finder please leave at Globe Office and receive suitable reward. (S2-1p)

The best lesson you can learn is to buy at our Drug Store.



School Books and School Supplies.

OUR STORE IS HEADQUARTERS IN THIS CITY FOR SCHOOL SUPPLIES AND AUTHENTIC SCHOOL BOOKS. BUY YOUR CHILDREN'S SUPPLIES FOR SCHOOL IN OUR STORE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO HAVE EXACTLY WHAT THEY NEED. CHILDREN STUDY BETTER AND TAKE BETTER CARE OF THEM WHEN THEY HAVE THE RIGHT THINGS. PRICES FAIR.

THE CITY PHARMACY

WE GIVE YOU WHAT YOU ASK FOR.

RUMELY



The All Purpose Tractor

Plowing is only one of the jobs the OilPull does well and easily. It will make profit harvesting, hauling, road-making, ditching, and at thrashing, husking, pumping and all such belt jobs. The OilPull is easy to start and easy to operate, burns cheap kerosene and distillate at all loads, at any kind of work and just the right amount for the power used at each instant. Close regulation, the little attention required and its freedom from sparks make the OilPull an excellent thrashing tractor. The OilPull is oil-cooled, has greasing of radiators. Three sizes, 15-30, 35-45 and 50-60 horsepower.

Get the OilPull catalog, 10c. It's good reading. The GasPull is a leader in gasoline tractors and there are no better stationary engines than the Rumely-Valk for kerosene and the Rumely-Olds for gasoline. Every Rumely machine is backed by Rumely service—spare parts and 1,000 dealers. Supplies and parts on short notice.

RUMELY LINES
Thrashing Machines
Gasoline Engines
Brush Cutters
Rolling Mills
Cotton Gins
Saw Mills
Pump Jacks
Belt Drives
Rumely Products Company
Chicago
Calgary, Alta.
Illinois

For Exchange

- 4-Roomed Cottage and 50-foot lot to exchange for horses. Price, \$1,200.
- 6-Roomed Cottage, 50-foot lot, stable, coal shed, deep well, to exchange for heavy horses.
- 5-Roomed Cottage, close in; will trade for auto or horses.
- Sale—54-foot Beach Lots at Gull Lake—\$200.
- Choice Building Lots in Lacombe, \$40 each.

Jesse Fraser Agency

MOUNT ROYAL COLLEGE

Calgary

A high-class Residential and Day College for Boys and Young Men, Girls and Young Women. Opening of Fall Term, Tuesday, Sept. 9th, 1914. BUSINESS CLASSES—Book-keeping, Stenography, Accountancy, Type Writing, Etc. MUSIC—Full Conservatory Course, Vocal, Instrumental and Theory. ACADEMIC—Public and High School Grades, Preparation for the University and Teachers' College course for Girls, French conversation classes. FINE ART—China painting, Water Colors, Leather Work, Etc. Expression and Physical Culture, Dramatic Art, Public Speaking, Household Science. For full information and calendar, apply to REV. GEORGE W. KERBY, B.A., D.D., Principal.

ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Capital Authorized.....\$25,000,000
Capital Paid Up.....11,500,000
Reserve and Undivided Profit.....13,000,000
Aggregate Assets.....185,000,000
Drafts, Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques issued, available in all parts of the world.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Savings Departments at all branches. Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received, and interest allowed at highest current rates.
340 Branches throughout Canada and Newfoundland;
40 Branches in West Indies, London, England, and New York.

Lacombe Branch - J. G. Nickerson, Manager

Sub-Branches, GENTLE and BLACKFALDS, ALBERTA

Trimble - Garland Lumber & Coal Co.

Leave your order for

Twin City Coal

The Best in Alberta

Building Supplies Of All Kinds.

COMPARISON OF RIVAL AIR FLEETS IN THE PRESENT WAR.

The precise value of aircraft in war has yet to be fully demonstrated, but it is certain that they will play an important part in the present colonial European struggle. Exact information as to the strength of the air service of the different powers engaged cannot be obtained, profound secrecy being maintained on the subject. The following figures, however, may be regarded as reliable estimates:

Germany has about eight or ten Zeppelin airships at her disposal. These huge vessels are capable of lifting from six to ten tons, of keeping the air from 12 to 24 hours, and of sailing at a speed of between 40 and 50 miles an hour. The Germans also possess large numbers of small airships, all of them at least as powerful as any similar craft owned by other powers.

While making a good deal of faith in airships Germany has paid full attention to the development of the aeroplane as a military weapon, and her army is equipped with between 700 and 800 machines. The air service is admirably organized, and extremely efficient; the pilots are first class, and Germany practically monopolizes the altitude and duration of flight records. Germany has been careful to make herself quite independent to the matter of aircraft and aeroplane construction, and her factories are capable of speedily renewing the wastage of war—a most important matter, because wastage will be enormous.

France possesses but three comparatively small airships, having concentrated on the development of the heavier-than-air machine. She possesses probably as many military machines as Germany, but it is doubtful whether the air service generally is so well organized as in Germany. Some of the machines are known to be very fast, and France has no lack of skilled, daring, and devoted pilots, always ready to make the supreme sacrifice that may be demanded of a flying man in war. Her manufacturing capacity is unrivalled, being greatly superior to that of Germany.

Russia owns no airships, but her military aeroplane service appears to be fairly complete and well organized, squadrons being stationed at the chief strategic points. There should be some 300 machines available, and they are being used determinedly and recklessly during the war.

French factories established in Russia are capable of maintaining material at full strength. The Austrian air service possesses something like 100 machines and the capacity to use them with effect. For machines dependent on the ground, Germany is probably placed on German manufacturers. The flying corps of the British army may possess, if school machines are counted, about 80 serviceable machines, and the number might be brought up to over a hundred by the requisitioning of privately owned machines. Our pilots are excellent, and we can make the machines at home, but we are practically dependent upon the foreigner for engines.

The naval branch of the British air service is probably better organized and equipped than that of the army. It possesses a few airships, vastly inferior to the German Zeppelins in all respects, and relies chiefly upon seaplanes, fast and powerful machines capable of riding on and rising from a fairly broken sea. Germany has neglected this form of flying machine, and in that respect we may claim some superiority over her.

The chief role of aircraft in war will be strategic and tactical reconnaissance. Their first duty will be to bring quick and exact information to the concentration of the enemy's forces and the probable strategic plan in which they are engaged. This work will extend over vast areas and will require machines with great powers of endurance. Afterwards, when armies are in contact, the aircraft will be used to discover and report tactical movements.

Some people believe that aircraft will be used as agents of destruction on a large scale, so that they will bombard the enemy's troops and fortresses and fleets with high explosives dropped from the heavens, and that the effect of such an attack, both material and moral, will be enormous. The capacity to do all that has yet to be demonstrated. But this is certain, that hostile aircraft will attack and destroy each other. These battles in the air will be heroic and terrible, and always fatal, probably to both sides.

The efficiency of the different types of aircraft has also to be demonstrated. We have yet to learn whether the enormous German Zeppelins are capable of doing what the Germans expect them to do, or whether they will fall an easy prey to hostile aeroplanes or the bullets of the elements. It seems probable that

victory will rest with the smaller, heavier, and faster type of machine. The enormous bulk of the airship and its helplessness in a war of the elements are manifest. It is so frail, so easily destroyed, that the bursting of a high explosive anywhere in proximity to it would be fatal. And it makes such an enormous target that it would never dare fly over a hostile force for long enough to obtain detailed and accurate information. But all this is to be demonstrated, and probably before these lines are in print the demonstration will have begun.

Running up and down stairs, sweeping and bending over making beds will not make a woman healthy or beautiful. She must get in that dress, walk a mile or two every day and take Chamberlain's Tablets to improve her digestion and regulate her bowels. For sale by City Pharmacy.

FEARS THAT TURKEY MAY DRAW SWORD.

Constantinople, Aug. 27.—Tension is so acute here that diplomats fear Turkey may at any moment be drawn into the European war, on the side of Germany and Austria.

A strict censorship has been placed on the newspapers throughout the country, which are now controlled by the military and are being used to create a strong pro-German feeling.

The Turkish cabinet is wavering between a declaration of war and the preservation of neutrality. The diplomatic representatives of the various powers are in constant conference with the government officials, Great Britain and Russia endeavoring to keep Turkey neutral. The German ambassador, it is understood, has intimated that Germany wishes Turkey to remain neutral, he believed the Ottoman empire should mobilize, to prevent an invasion by Russia. Feeling is most acute over the entry into the Dardanelles of the German cruisers Goeben and Breslau. Great Britain, France and Russia not only requested ten days ago that if these ships were purchased by Turkey, the crews be sent to either Germany or Austria, but promised safe conduct. Today many of the German sailors are still on board and 150, or more are said to have been distributed among Turkish torpedo boats.

The British government is viewing this with much disfavor, and the situation has been aggravated by the inability of several English merchant ships to get through the Dardanelles, even after the grand vizier had given the requisite permission. Subordinate officials disobeyed the instructions in a way as yet unexplained.

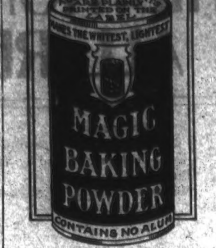
Great Britain has let it be known that if the Goeben and Breslau enter the Mediterranean with German crews aboard, they will be fired upon by the English fleet.

Neither Great Britain nor Russia, however, has assumed a threatening attitude diplomatically hoping to persuade Turkey to remain neutral. A few days ago the Russian ambassador was requested to cease using the word on a Russian vessel in the harbor. He acquiesced rather than bring on an issue with his government.

ITALY AND THE WAR.

The cable dispatches, so far as they can be trusted, confirm what The Globe has always affirmed in regard to the great question of Italy. Immense pressure is being brought to bear upon her by Germany and Austria, to the end that she espouse their cause in the present conflict; but it is stated, their allurments are in vain. That is natural. "Who is not for me is against me," and Italy has already made two kaisers her mortal enemies by her non-neutral attitude during the past three weeks. Their victory, which God forbid would mean a terrible revenge inflicted on the noble land of Garibaldi and Mazzini in only a few years to come. It is openly confessed that in the present state of Italian public opinion any move to take sides with the kaisers would mean a revolution, and the consequent fall of the House of Savoy. This frank confession simply confirms the opinion expressed by The Globe ever since the beginning of the war. The anxiety of Germany and Austria to engage Italy actively on their side is sufficient to betray that they already quail before a European practically united in arms against them—before a Europe universally united, in a moral sense, against this new eruption of barbarians. There can be, no doubt in the mind of any sane man who weighs the facts, and ponders over them, as to the new enemy from which Europe will next receive the gaze of battle. The neutrality of Italy is unthinkable. Civilization must be saved from a modern "Volkerwanderung."

NO ALUM



UNEMPLOYMENT AND THE LAND QUESTION.

Mayor Hocken, of Toronto, has made the proposal that the Dominion Government should break up a million acres of land in the West in order to produce food for the unemployed and at the same time produce food for consumption in this country and in Great Britain. Details of Mayor Hocken's plan have not come under our notice, but it appears to be impracticable for several reasons. In the first place, the present is the wrong time of the year to break the prairie sod. Then, the unemployed could not sow a crop in the spring and wait till fall for returns unless they were provided with seed, machinery, horses, feed, etc., as well as homes and food. Moreover, the government has no land suitable for the purpose. The provincial governments of the Prairie Provinces own no land, except for Manitoba, which has a comparatively small area of swamp land, while the Dominion government lands are the homestead lands which are practically all situated too far from the railroad to make their cultivation immediately profitable. Mayor Hocken's proposal, however, like the other "back to land" suggestions which are heard from time to time, indicates a realization of the fact that in the land question lies the ultimate solution of the problem of unemployment. It is clear that when a man goes on the land, there earns a living by producing food required by others. He is not only engaging in a useful work himself but he is providing employment for others in supplying him with manufactured goods, and in transporting and marketing his products, thus starting motion the endless chain of industry.

The problem is how to get on to the land, and the solution must be found, not in any philanthropic or paternal government scheme, but in the establishment of proper economic conditions. A few years ago men were coming from every quarter of the globe to take up and cultivate land in Western Canada. They were able to make a reasonable living, unemployment was practically unknown, and prosperity was general. Today very few people are taking up new land, those who are already engaged in agriculture are speaking generally, having a struggle for existence, and unemployment was a serious problem long before the war broke out. Why the difference? There are many causes contributing to the lack of prosperity for the farmer, including the increased cost of living and consequently of production, and the lower price of grain in recent years, but the big factor that is operating against the farmer and the country generally is the increased price of land. A few years ago it was possible to secure good land at a reasonable distance from the railroad as a free homestead, or to buy land close to town for a few dollars an acre. Today homesteaders must go forty to fifty miles from the railroad to get good land, and all vacant land near to the towns is held by speculators at exorbitant figures. The result is that land on which crops might be profitably raised is lying idle, while farmers are struggling for a living miles away or paying out practically all their profits in interest on the cost of the land. To set the wheels of industry turning by getting men back to the land, the land must first be set free. The surface of the earth was made for men to live and work upon, and to allow speculators to keep men out of employment and stop the wheels of industry by holding land idle in order that they may appropriate unearned profits is the great folly of civilization in this age.

An article that has real merit should in time become popular. That such is the case with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been attested by many makers. Here is one of the H. W. Hendrickson, Ohio Falls, Ind., writes: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best for coughs, colds and croup, and is my best seller." For sale by City Pharmacy. (1)

LACK OF CONFIDENCE IN CANADA IS COWARDLY.

Notwithstanding the assurance of the most reliable men in Canada, of whom we are daily manifesting in different ways their faith in the Dominion, there has been and is yet an inclination on the part of some people to arouse themselves into a small panic at the result of the European war. In some quarters the fear is expressed that food-stuffs will be dear this winter, and many calamities are feared for Canada. This feeling has even gone so far as to doubt the stability of the Canadian banking system in this time of trouble, and from different places come reports to the effect that many people have stopped depositing their money in the banks. On the very face of it, this is utter foolishness.

The banks are all perfectly safe and they were never in better shape than they are right at the present time, notwithstanding the war and all the rumors associated with it. There is no cause whatever for any fear as to the reliability of our banking institutions, for no matter what happens in this or any other war the public is fully protected. Further, there is nothing in the future of Canada, either immediate or remote, over which anyone need worry. The Dominion of Canada has yet to face the stone wall over which it cannot leap without assistance. It is better today than ever it was. The war may bring reverses, and perhaps some of a serious kind, but there is only one way in which it can end—with Britain and her allies as the victors. The man who thinks and acts differently is a coward.

THOUGHT THAT KAISER WILL BLUFF IT OUT.

London, Aug. 28.—A prominent diplomat of the highest official standing in a neutral government, who happens to be in Europe observing the developments, predicts that the Kaiser will make the first overtures for peace in two months. The coming conclusion will be different from what it might have been if this decree had not been issued. The choice of the great church sovereign will be essentially by the church, and in it no temporal power will have a hand. For this reason the selection will be of exceptional interest, as it is expected, so great as the variety of human wisdom and human nature from which to make a choice, that the smoke from the Sistine may ascend many times before the Catholic church has a new head.

DR. DE VAN'S FRENCH PILLS. A new and powerful medicine for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a French preparation of the most scientific nature. It is a French preparation of the most scientific nature. It is a French preparation of the most scientific nature.

SELECTION OF A NEW PONTIFF.

The Pope is dead and his mortal remains having been laid away in St. Peter's, the selection of a successor now occupies the Catholic mind. As to the probability of this new pope the world has not yet received even an inkling. The candidates over whose heads Pope Pius was chosen have nearly all been eliminated from the running, so that an entirely new range will have to be brought out. The probable identity of the two hundred and sixtieth pontiff in the long line of twenty centuries is as yet a secret. Very few conjectures even have been made, yet the selection of a man to fill the Vatican chair is the interesting question in more than church circles at this time.

One thing anyway that is known about the election is that it will be a selection of the cardinals themselves. Immediately after his own elevation to the pontificate, Pius the Tenth, with

MIRACULOUS CURE OF ASTHMA

Suffered Terribly for 15 Years Until He Tried "Fruit-a-Lives"



D. A. WHITE, Esq.
21 WALLACE AVE., TORONTO,
Dec. 2nd 1913.

"Having been a great sufferer from Asthma for a period of fifteen years (sometimes having to sit up at night for weeks at a time), I began the use of 'Fruit-a-Lives'. These wonderful tablets relieved me of Indigestion, and through the continued use of same, I am no longer distressed with that terrible disease, Asthma, thanks to 'Fruit-a-Lives' which are worth their weight in gold to anyone suffering as I did. I would heartily recommend them to all sufferers from Asthma, which I believe is caused or aggravated by Indigestion!" D. A. WHITE

For Asthma, for Hay Fever, for any trouble caused by excessive nervousness due to Impure Blood, faulty Digestion or Constipation, take 'Fruit-a-Lives' 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-Lives Limited, Ottawa.

the unanimous approval of the Sacred College, abolished the rights of veto which the governments of Austria, Spain and France had once held over the choice of the college. This elimination of the veto, either official or unofficial, of any foreign power, constituted an important act. In a way it completed the emancipation of the Vatican. Without question, therefore, the decision in the coming conclave will be different from what it might have been if this decree had not been issued. The choice of the great church sovereign will be essentially by the church, and in it no temporal power will have a hand. For this reason the selection will be of exceptional interest, as it is expected, so great as the variety of human wisdom and human nature from which to make a choice, that the smoke from the Sistine may ascend many times before the Catholic church has a new head.

DR. DE VAN'S FRENCH PILLS. A new and powerful medicine for all ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a French preparation of the most scientific nature. It is a French preparation of the most scientific nature. It is a French preparation of the most scientific nature.

Notice

I wish to inform the public as follows: Imperial Livery Barn was sold June 15, and I have rented same. I extend an invitation to all who wish livery or team work of any kind done, special attention will be given feed trade. Via Blackfalds, with few exceptions, is the cheapest route to Rocky Mountain House, Brazeau collieries and other points on C.N.R. west. Will sell a McLaughlin-Buick automobile for \$350 cash if sold at once. Hotel (less bar) has changed management and is now open at all hours. All passenger trains now stop at Blackfalds, early morning trains only having to be flagged.

Roy H. Trout

MONEY TO LOAN

Private Funds to Loan on Mortgage.

Agent for National Trust Co.

F. VICKERSON, AGENT Lacombe, Alberta

Coal, Wood & Ice

EXPRESS, DRAYING AND SOFT WATER TERMS CASH

C. B. Zielie

Haying Season at Hand

Only two 14-inch Sod Breakers, suitable for ploughing timothy sod.

A few Rotary Harrows to clean up; harrow as you plough. Sled Hay Forks and Sling Forks. Farmers! buy the New Ideal Reeling Mower, internal gear, with high speed. Sweep Rakes and Stackers.

ALEX. LESLIE, Lacombe

LACOMBE EXHIBITION BEATS ALL RECORDS

Backed by an energetic directorate, the farmers of the Lacombe district this year succeeded in placing Lacombe at the head of the list of Alberta exhibitions. There was an array of live stock better than that at either Calgary or Edmonton, and the other exhibits could not be beaten anywhere. The weather, too, was propitious, and, strange to relate, we were favored with three clear days. The crowd in attendance each day was sufficient proof that the efforts of the directors were appreciated, and the hope was expressed on every hand that the good work be kept up, and that Lacombe Exhibition be made the great annual attraction for the citizens of Central and Northern Alberta. There was sufficient accommodation for the exhibitors, and with one exception every exhibitor was satisfied with the treatment received from the directors in charge. President Evans and his directors had a busy week, but express themselves as fully paid for their trouble by the unprecedented results. The judges in every department gave perfect satisfaction, and before leaving town paid very high compliments to Lacombe Agricultural Society. One of the judges remarked to The Western Globe that this year's exhibition at Lacombe was beyond a doubt the best held this year in Alberta; in many respects being better than either Calgary or Edmonton.

The Society did a wise thing this year in allowing various innocent games to be operated on the grounds. There has been a little adverse criticism in certain quarters of some of the games, but as the directors remarked, "anyone fool enough to try to take money away from the innocent operators of the very old 'skin' games on the grounds should not be allowed to pack money around." One young man from the district south almost took \$10 from one of the pool fellows operating a game, but unfortunately it did not turn out that way, and our citizen is that amount out. He is a sadder but wiser youth today. It cannot be gainsaid that the numerous games on the ground went a long way towards furnishing the visitors with amusement, and gave the place a holiday-like appearance. None of the games were new, however, and the police took care that nothing very raw was sprung on the public. The people like to be humbugged, and some of them paid real money to indulge their liking.

The sports, consisting of horse racing, motor cycle racing, games of various kinds, proved a splendid attraction, and on both sports days the grand stand was filled with eager race fans. The racing program was not allowed to drag wearily along this year until spectators became disgusted and went home. There was something doing all the time and every race was fast and exciting. The motor cycle race was an interesting feature on each afternoon, and the final was won by Colin Caldwell, of Lacombe.

Following is a complete list of the prize winners at the Exhibition:

Horses

CLYDESDALE, REG.
Stallion, 3 years and over—1, P. A. Switzer; 2, H. J. A. Evans; 3, Wm. Smith.
Foal, 1914—1, P. H. Winter.
Brood Mare with foal at side—1, P. H. Winter.
Dry Brood Mare—1, A. B. McCormick; 2, P. H. Winter; 3, P. H. Winter.
Filly, 3 years old—1, P. A. Switzer.
Filly, 2 years old—1, John Laing.
Team to Wagon—1, P. H. Winter.

PERCHERONS, REG.
Stallion, 3 years and over—1, L. N. Graham; 2, A. Edwards; 3, Mountain Grove Horse Co.
Foal, 1914—1, L. N. Graham.
Brood Mare with foal at side—1, L. N. Graham.
Dry Brood Mare—1, R. V. Bagley; 2 and 3, L. N. Graham.
Filly, 3 years old—1, R. V. Bagley.
Filly, 2 years old—1, G. C. Godfrey.
Filly, 1 year old—1 and 2, L. N. Graham.
Team to Wagon—1, R. V. Bagley; 2, L. N. Graham.

BELGIANS, REG.
Stallion, 2 years old—1, W. J. Mortson.

SHIRES, REG.

Stallion, 3 years and over—1, Thos. Rawlinson; 2, J. Wickham.
Stallion, 2 years old—1, Thos. Rawlinson.
Dry Brood Mare—1, G. L. Warner.
Filly, 3 years old—1, G. L. Warner.
Filly or Gelding, 1 year old—1, W. H. Threlkell; 2, W. H. Maude; 3, W. H. Maude.
Filly or Gelding, 2 years old—1, P. A. Switzer; 2, W. Threlkell; 3, W. H. Maude.
Filly, 3 years old—1, A. D. Swanson.

Team to Wagon—1, J. L. Storey; 2, P. H. Winter.
Brood Mare with foal at side—1, J. L. Storey; 2, W. H. Maude; 3, C. R. Abbott.
Dry Mare or Gelding—1, J. L. Storey; 2 and 3, P. H. Winter.
Foal, 1914—1, J. L. Storey; 2, J. M. Southward; 3, C. R. Abbott.
Four Horse Team to Wagon—1, P. H. Winter.

AGRICULTURAL PURPOSE.
Colt, Filly or Gelding, 1 year old—1, W. Threlkell; 2, W. H. Maude; 3, W. H. Maude.
Filly or Gelding, 2 years old—1, H. Elwell; 2, W. Swanson; 3, W. H. Maude.
Team to Wagon—1, R. R. Bailey.
Brood Mare with foal at side—1, D. Skinner; 2, R. R. Bailey; 3, W. H. Maude.
Dry Brood Mare or Gelding—1, J. H. Rose.
Foal, 1914—1, W. Threlkell; 2, G. H. Hutton; 3, W. H. Maude.

HACKNEYS, REG.
Stallion, 3 years old and over—1, J. B. Harrington.

STANDARD BRED, REG.
Stallion, 3 years and over—1, T. G. Hodgins.

ROADSTER OR CARRIAGE.
Filly or Gelding, 1 year old—1, D. Skinner.
Filly or Gelding, 2 years old—1, D. Skinner; 2, F. Roberts; 3, Single, in harness—1, J. I. Rogers; 2 and 3, W. H. Maude.
Team—1, W. H. Maude.
Brood Mare with foal at side—1, D. Skinner; 2, P. H. Winter; 3, Foal, 1914—1, D. Skinner; 2, Capt. Evans; 3, Best Saddle Horse, Lady's—1, L. N. Graham.
Best Saddle Horse, Gent's—1, D. Skinner; 2, Dr. Gokey.
Boy's Saddle Pony—1 and 2, R. V. Bagley; 3, R. McCully.

Cattle

SHORTHORNS, REG.
Bull, 3 years and over—1, Yule & Bowes; 2, P. A. Switzer.
Bull, 2 years old—1, H. S. Curry; 2, P. A. Switzer.
Bull, 1 year old—1, Yule & Bowes; 2, P. A. Switzer; 3, E. Plumb.
Bull, 6 months and over—1, H. S. Curry; 2, P. A. Switzer.
Bull, 1 year old—1, H. S. Curry; 2, Yule & Bowes; 3, H. S. Curry.
Heifer, 2 years old—1 and 2, Yule & Bowes.
Heifer, 1 year old—1 and 2, Yule & Bowes.
Heifer, under 1 year—1 and 2, Yule & Bowes.
Herd, 1 Male and 4 Females—1, Yule & Bowes; 2, H. C. Curry; 3, Yule & Bowes.
Champion Bull—1, Yule & Bowes.
Champion Cow—1, Yule & Bowes.

ABERDEEN ANGUS, REG.
Bull, 2 years and over—1, L. Hutchinson; 2, Thos. Henderson; 3, W. R. Stewart.
Bull, 1 year old—1, L. Hutchinson; 2, J. G. McCullough; 3, J. G. McCullough.
Bull, 6 months and over—1, L. Hutchinson; 2, J. G. McCullough; 3, J. G. McCullough.
Bull, 1 year old—1, L. Hutchinson; 2, J. G. McCullough; 3, J. G. McCullough.
Cow—1, J. G. McCullough; 2, L. Hutchinson; 3, W. R. Stewart.
Heifer, 2 years old—1, L. Hutchinson; 2, Thos. Henderson; 3, W. R. Stewart.
Heifer, 1 year old—1, L. Hutchinson; 2, W. R. Stewart; 3, J. G. McCullough.
Herd, 1 Male and 4 Females—1, L. Hutchinson; 2, J. G. McCullough; 3, Thos. Henderson.
Champion Bull—1 and 2, L. Hutchinson.
Champion Female—1, J. G. McCullough; 2, L. Hutchinson.

HEREFORDS, REG.
Bull, 3 years and over—1, J. A. Chapman; 2, Pym Bros.
Bull, 1 year old—1 and 2, Pym Bros.
Bull, 6 months and over—1,

J. A. Chapman.
Bull, 1 year old—1, W. R. Stewart; 2, Thos. Henderson; 3, E. Plumb.
Heifer, 2 years old—1, Yule & Bowes; 2, Thos. Henderson; 3, E. Plumb.
Cow, in calf, or calf at side—1, G. C. Godfrey; 2, L. G. McCullough; 3, J. M. McDonald.
Steer, 2 years old—1, E. Plumb; 2 and 3, Thos. Henderson.
Fat Cow, 3 years and over—1, R. V. Bagley; 2, E. Plumb.
Calf raised by hand, 1914—1, E. Plumb; 2, H. A. Kennedy; 3, R. V. Bagley.
Calf raised on cow—1, W. Threlkell; 2, Thos. Henderson; 3, H. A. Kennedy.
Herd of 4 females—1, Thos. Henderson; 2, E. Plumb.
Herd, 4 steers under 3 years—1, E. Plumb; 2, Thos. Henderson.

AYRSHIRES, REG.
Bull, 3 years and over—1, R. Ness.
Bull, 1 year old—1, R. Ness; 2, W. J. Mortson.
Bull, 6 months and over—1 and 2, R. Ness.
Bull, 1 year old—1, W. J. Mortson; 2 and 3, R. Ness.
Cow—1, 2 and 3, R. Ness.
Heifer, 2 years old—1 and 2, R. Ness.
Heifer, 1 year old—1, W. J. Mortson; 2 and 3, R. Ness.
Herd, 1 Male and 4 Females—1 and 2, R. Ness.
Champion Bull—1, R. Ness.
Champion Cow—1, R. Ness.

HOLSTEINS, REG.
Bull, 3 years and over—1, Logan & Dickie; 2, I. Bateman; 3, W. Gilbert.
Bull, 2 years old—1, Logan & Dickie; 2, I. Bateman; 3, W. Gilbert.
Bull, 1 year old—1 and 2, Isaac Bateman; 3, G. E. White.
Bull, 6 months and over—1 and 2, Logan & Dickie; 3, W. Gilbert.
Bull, 1 year old—1, Logan & Dickie; 2 and 3, W. Gilbert.
Cow—1, Logan & Dickie; 2, I. Bateman; 3, Logan & Dickie.
Heifer, 2 years old—1, I. Bateman; 2, Logan & Dickie; 3, G. E. White.
Heifer, 1 year old—1, Logan & Dickie; 2, I. Bateman; 3, Logan & Dickie.
Herd, 1 Male and 4 Females—1, Logan & Dickie; 2, I. Bateman; 3, W. Gilbert.
Champion Bull—1, Logan & Dickie.
Champion Female—1, Logan & Dickie.

GRADE DAIRY.
Cow, 3 years and over—1, R. Ness; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, R. V. Bagley.
Heifer, 2 years old—1, W. Gilbert; 2, R. V. Bagley; 3, R. Ness.
Heifer, 1 year old—1 and 2, R. Ness; 3, L. N. Graham.
Calf—1, R. Ness; 2, Capt. Evans; 3, W. Gilbert.
Herd of 3 Females—1 and 2, R. V. Bagley; 3, H. S. Curry.

JERSEYS, REG.
Bull, 3 years and over—1 and 2, J. Harper & Sons; 3, E. W. Shenfield.
Bull, 2 years old—1 and 2, J. Harper & Sons.
Bull, 1 year old—1, E. W. Shenfield; 2, W. J. Mortson; 3, J. Harper & Sons.
Bull, 6 months and over—1, J. Harper & Sons.
Bull, 1 year old—1, E. W. Shenfield; 2, J. Harper & Sons.
Cow—1 and 2, J. Harper & Sons.
Heifer, 2 years old—1, E. W. Shenfield; 2 and 3, J. Harper & Sons.
Heifer, 1 year old—1 and 2, J. Harper & Sons.
Herd, 1 Male and 4 Females—1 and 2, J. Harper & Sons; 3, J. Harper & Sons.

GRADE BACON HOGS.
Finished Hog—1, W. J. Mortson.

GRADE LARD HOGS.
Finished Hog—1, Thos. Henderson.

GRADE BROOD SOWS.
Brood Sow and Litter—1, H. A. Kennedy; 2, G. H. Hutton; 3, G. E. White.

CHESTER WHITES, REG.
Pig, under 1 year—1, G. F. White.

Hogs

YORKSHIRES, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1 and 2, W. J. Mortson; 3, R. T. Mortson.
Boar, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson.
Sow, 1 year and over—1 and 2, W. J. Mortson; 3, R. T. Mortson.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson.
Sow and Litter—1, W. J. Mortson.

BERKSHIRES, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, W. Gilbert.
Boar, under 1 year—1, W. Gilbert; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, C. W. Gaitkell.
Sow, 1 year and over—1, H. S. Curry; 2, P. A. Switzer; 3, W. Gilbert.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, N. Gilbert; 3, H. S. Curry.
Sow and Litter—1, C. W. Gaitkell; 2, P. A. Switzer.

DUROCK JERSEYS, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1, T. Henderson; 2, Walter Siemens; 3, W. Kerber.
Boar, under 1 year—1, 2 and 3, Thos. Henderson.
Sow, 1 year and over—1 and 2, Thos. Henderson; 3, F. H. Duckett.
Sow, under 1 year—1 and 2, Thos. Henderson; 3, W. Kerber.
Sow and Litter—1, Thos. Henderson.

POLAND CHINAS, REG.
Sow, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson.

HAMPSHIRE, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.
Boar, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.
Sow, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.
Sow and Litter—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.

TAMWORTHES, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1, R. T. Mortson; 2, W. J. Mortson.
Boar, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, R. T. Mortson; 3, W. J. Mortson.
Sow, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, R. T. Mortson; 3, W. J. Mortson.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson.

GRADE BACON HOGS.
Finished Hog—1, W. J. Mortson.

GRADE LARD HOGS.
Finished Hog—1, Thos. Henderson.

GRADE BROOD SOWS.
Brood Sow and Litter—1, H. A. Kennedy; 2, G. H. Hutton; 3, G. E. White.

CHESTER WHITES, REG.
Pig, under 1 year—1, G. F. White.

Sheep

SHROPSHIRE, REG.
Ram—1, G. H. Hutton; 2, F. Roberts.
Pair Breeding Ewes—1 and 2, G. H. Hutton.
Pair Ewe Lambs—1 and 2, G. H. Hutton.

OXFORDS.
Ram—1 and 2, H. S. Curry.
Pair Breeding Ewes—1 and 2, H. S. Curry.
Pair Ewe Lambs—1 and 2, H. S. Curry.

HAMPSHIRE.
Ram—1, J. Lockerby.
Pair Breeding Ewes—1, J. Lockerby.
Pair Ewe Lambs—1, J. Lockerby.

LONG WOOL GRADES.
Ewe—1 and 2, G. H. Hutton.
Pair Lambs—1 and 2, G. H. Hutton.
Pen of Fat Sheep—1, G. H. Hutton.

MEDIUM WOOL GRADE.
Ewe—1 and 2, T. F. Roberts.
Pair Lambs—1, Jas. Chiswell; 2, G. H. Hutton.
Pen Fat Sheep—1, Jas. Chiswell; 2, T. F. Roberts.

SUFFOLKS.
Ram—1, W. R. Stewart.
Pair Breeding Ewes—1, W. R. Stewart.
Pair Ewe Lambs—1, W. R. Stewart.

Poultry

Light Brahmas (old)—1, Fred Steers.
Light Brahmas (chicks)—1, Fred Steers.
Dark Brahmas (old)—1, J. H. Warrington.
Dark Brahmas (chicks)—1, J. H. Warrington.
Buff Cochins—1, J. H. Warrington.
White Cochins—1, J. H. Warrington.
Black Langshans—1, J. H. Warrington.
Barred Plymouth Rocks (chicks)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, A. R. Gillies.
White Plymouth Rocks (old)—1 and 2, A. R. Gillies.
White Plymouth Rocks (chicks)—1 and 2, A. R. Gillies.
Buff Plymouth Rocks—1, A. R. Gillies.
Golden Laced Wyandottes—1, J. H. Warrington.
White Wyandottes (old)—1, A. R. Gillies; 2, R. J. Scott.
Black Wyandottes (chicks)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, L. N. Jones.
Black Wyandottes (old)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, L. N. Jones.
Black Wyandottes (chicks)—1, L. N. Jones.
R. C. Rhode Island Reds (old) (chicks)—1, A. R. Gillies.
S. C. Rhode Island Reds (old) (chicks)—1, A. R. Gillies.
R. C. Rhode Island Reds (chicks)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, A. R. Gillies.
Games (old)—1, J. H. Warrington.
Games (chicks)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, J. M. Southward.
White Leghorns (old)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, J. H. Warrington.
Black Leghorns (old)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, J. H. Warrington.
Brown Leghorns (old)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, A. R. Gillies.
Black Spanish—1, J. H. Warrington.
Black Minorcas—1, J. H. Warrington.
Anconas—1, J. H. Warrington.
Houdans—1, J. H. Warrington.
Dorkings—1, J. H. Warrington.
Buff Orpingtons (chicks)—1, J. Harper & Sons.
White Orpingtons (old)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, A. Cameron.
White Orpingtons (chicks)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, A. Cameron.
Polands—1, J. H. Warrington.
Black Hamburgs—1, J. H. Warrington.
Redcaps—1, J. H. Warrington.
Bantams (old)—1, J. H. Warrington; 2, P. R. Banks.
Bantams (chicks)—1, P. R. Banks.
Guinea Fowls—1, J. H. Warrington.
Geese—1, A. R. Gillies; 2, J. Storey.
Gooslings—1, R. Ness; 2, J. L. Storey.
Ducks—1, A. R. Gillies; 2, W. R. Stewart.
Ducklings—1, A. R. Gillies; 2, R. Ness.
Pigeons—1, Jas. Chiswell; 2, Capt. Evans.
White Cornish—1, J. H. Watt.

YORKSHIRES, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1 and 2, W. J. Mortson; 3, R. T. Mortson.
Boar, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson.
Sow, 1 year and over—1 and 2, W. J. Mortson; 3, R. T. Mortson.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson.
Sow and Litter—1, W. J. Mortson.

BERKSHIRES, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, W. Gilbert.
Boar, under 1 year—1, W. Gilbert; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, C. W. Gaitkell.
Sow, 1 year and over—1, H. S. Curry; 2, P. A. Switzer; 3, W. Gilbert.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, N. Gilbert; 3, H. S. Curry.
Sow and Litter—1, C. W. Gaitkell; 2, P. A. Switzer.

DUROCK JERSEYS, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1, T. Henderson; 2, Walter Siemens; 3, W. Kerber.
Boar, under 1 year—1, 2 and 3, Thos. Henderson.
Sow, 1 year and over—1 and 2, Thos. Henderson; 3, F. H. Duckett.
Sow, under 1 year—1 and 2, Thos. Henderson; 3, W. Kerber.
Sow and Litter—1, Thos. Henderson.

POLAND CHINAS, REG.
Sow, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson.

HAMPSHIRE, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.
Boar, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.
Sow, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.
Sow and Litter—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, H. S. Curry; 3, Hoover & Sons.

TAMWORTHES, REG.
Boar, 1 year and over—1, R. T. Mortson; 2, W. J. Mortson.
Boar, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, R. T. Mortson; 3, W. J. Mortson.
Sow, 1 year and over—1, W. J. Mortson; 2, R. T. Mortson; 3, W. J. Mortson.
Sow, under 1 year—1, W. J. Mortson.

GRADE BACON HOGS.
Finished Hog—1, W. J. Mortson.

GRADE LARD HOGS.
Finished Hog—1, Thos. Henderson.

GRADE BROOD SOWS.
Brood Sow and Litter—1, H. A. Kennedy; 2, G. H. Hutton; 3, G. E. White.

CHESTER WHITES, REG.
Pig, under 1 year—1, G. F. White.

Grain

Spring Wheat—1, T. Henderson; 2, G. H. Grant.
Fall Wheat—1, S. H. Welch.
Six-Rowed Barley—1, Capt. Evans; 2, S. H. Welch; 3, Fred Gale.
White Milling Oats—1, T. Henderson.
Feed Oats—1, T. Henderson.
Timothy Seed—1, J. H. Grant.
Collection of Grains and Grasses in Sheaves—1, G. H. Grant; 2, R. S. Rogers.

Roots and Field Crops

Sweede Turnips—1, R. J. Scott; 2, D. Gilmour.
Aberdeen Turnips—1, G. H. Grant.
Carrots—1, G. H. Grant.
Red Potatoes—1, G. H. Grant; 2, R. S. Rogers.
Potatoes, least number to make bushel—1, R. S. Rogers.
White Potatoes—1, G. H. Grant.
Sugar Beets—1, D. Gilmour.
Collection of Potatoes, 2 varieties correctly named—1, G. H. Grant; 2, R. S. Rogers.

Garden Vegetables

Turnip Beets—1, R. S. Rogers; 2, A. Cameron.
Garden Carrots—1, R. S. Rogers; 2, G. H. Grant.
Parsnips—1, R. S. Rogers; 2, G. H. Grant.
Onions from Seed—1, D. Gilmour; 2, R. S. Rogers.
White Cabbage—1, R. S. Rogers; 2, D. Gilmour.
Cauliflower—1, R. S. Rogers.
Winter Radish—1, R. S. Rogers.
Tomatoes—1, D. Gilmour.
Lemon—1, D. Gilmour; 2, R. S. Rogers.
Squash—1, R. S. Rogers.
Corn—1, G. H. Grant.

Dairy Produce

Butter in Fats—1, Jas. Chiswell.
Butter in Prints—1, Sladen & Smith; 2, J. Chiswell; 3, S. H. Welch.
Cheese (homemade)—1, A. Wilson; 2, J. Chiswell; 3, Mrs. R. Pym.
Broan Eggs—1, Mrs. Pym; 2, Mrs. N. E. Carruthers.

Domestic Work

Homemade Bread—1, Mrs. Collier; 2, Miss Neata Watt.
Homemade Buns—1, Miss Neata Watt; 2, Mrs. Collier.
Gingerbread—1, Miss Threlkell; 2, Mrs. A. Anderson.
Oatmeal Cookies—1, Mrs. Anderson; 2, Mrs. Rogers.
Collection of Cakes—1, Miss Threlkell; 2, Miss Watt.
Best Cookery by girl under 16—1, Miss Lillian Sharp.

Ladies Work

Embroidery with Silk—1, Mrs. Collier; 2, Mrs. Phillips.
Embroidery, Hardanger—1, Mrs. P. M. Ballentyne; 2, Mrs. A. Hill.
Embroidery, Mountmellick—1, Mrs. Barnes; 2, Mrs. Phillips.
Embroidery, Shadow—1, Mrs. York; 2, Mrs. Reeves.
Embroidery, Eyelet—1, Miss B. Simpson; 2, Mrs. Phillips.
Embroidery, Ribbon Work—1, Miss Martin.
Embroidered Handkerchiefs—1, Mrs. S. F. York; 2, Mrs. R. B. Watt.
Point Lace—1, Mrs. Reeves; 2, Miss B. Simpson.
Battened Lace—1, Mrs. York; 2, Miss B. Simpson.
Darning Lace—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Mrs. A. M. Wright.
Knitting in Cotton—1, Mrs. A. M. Wright; 2, Mrs. R. B. Watt.
Tatting—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Mrs. Capron.
Netting—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Mrs. Hill.
Crochet Work in Cotton—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Mrs. P. M. Ballentyne.
Crochet Work in Silk—1, Mrs. Watt.
Crochet Work in Wool—1, Miss Van Humbeck; 2, Miss Martin.
Crochet Table Mats—1, Mrs. Watt; 2, Mrs. Wright.
Five O'clock Tea Cloth—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Mrs. Collier.
Centre Piece—1, Mrs. Vickers; 2, Miss Kerby.
Table Doilies—1, Miss Kerby; 2, Mrs. Watt.
Tea Cloth—1, Miss B. Simpson; 2, Mrs. Watt.
Table Napkins—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Mrs. Vickers.
Sideboard Scarf—1, Miss B. Simpson; 2, Miss Kerby.
Linen Sham, Embroidered—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Mrs. Watt.
Embroidered Towels—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Mrs. Reeves.
Set Toilet Mats—1, Miss Threlkell; 2, Miss Martin.
Silk Pillow, Embroidered in Silk—1, Mrs. Collier; 2, Miss B. Simpson.
Sofa Pillow, Lace—1, Mrs. Capron.
Sofa Pillow, any other kind—1, Mrs. Southward; 2, Mrs. Capron.
Tea Cosy—1, Mrs. Hill; 2, Mrs. Southward.
Drawn Work—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Miss B. Simpson.
Hem Stitching—1, Mrs. York; 2, Mrs. Carruthers.
Pin Cushion, Embroidered—1, Mrs. Reeves; 2, Mrs. Capron.
Pin Cushion, any other kind—1, Mrs. Barnes; 2, Miss Martin.
Photo Frame—1, Mrs. J. M. Southward; 2, Mrs. Hill.
Handkerchief and Tie Case—1, Mrs. York.
Hand Embroidered Corset Cover—1, Mrs. York; 2, Mrs. Phillips.
Counterpane—1, Mrs. R. B. Watt; 2, Mrs. Hill.
Cotton Patchwork Quilt—1, Miss Threlkell; 2, Mrs. Phillips.
Log Cabin Quilt—1, Mrs. Phillips; 2, Mrs. Watt.
Crazy Work Quilt—1, Mrs. Reeves; 2, Miss Martin.
Knitted Woolen Shawl or Cape—1, Mrs. A. M. Wright; 2, Miss Martin.
Baby Jacket, Knitted or Crocheted—1, Mrs. Hill; 2, Mrs. Vickers.
Baby Bonnet—1, Mrs. York; 2, Miss Martin.
Infant's Hood—1, Mrs. Hill; 2, Mrs. Watt.
Tea Cosy, Knitted in Wool—1, Mrs. Hill; 2, Mrs. Martin.
Linen Apron—1, Mrs. Capron; 2, Mrs. Reeves.
Slippers, Knitted—1, Mrs. Wright; 2, Miss Martin.
Slippers, Crocheted—1, Miss Martin; 2, Mrs. Wright.
Flannel Night Gown—1, Miss Threlkell.
Men's Flannel Shirt—1, Miss Threlkell.
Button Holes—1, Mrs. York; 2, Mrs. Reeves.
Plain Hemming—1, Mrs. Collier; 2, Mrs. Anderson.
Darning on Socks—1, Mrs. York; 2, Mrs. Rogers.
Darning on Table Linens—1,

Charlotte Ontario—1, R. S. Rogers.
Collection of Vegetables, 6 varieties—1, R. S. Rogers; 2, Capt. Evans; 3, D. Gilmour.

Children's Work

Plain Sewing—1, Celine Van Humbeck; 2, R. B. Watt.
Plain Knitting—1, Celine Van Humbeck; 2, R. B. Watt.
Halt Doo, Button Holes—1, B. Sharpe; 2, Celine Van Humbeck.
Fancy Cushions—1, B. Sharpe; 2, Celine Van Humbeck.
Fancy Pin Cushion—1, R. B. Watt; 2, Besse Sharpe.
Hemstitched Handkerchief—1, B. Watt.
Dressed Doll—1, R. B. Watt; 2, Besse Sharpe.
Outline Work—1, A. Reeves; 2, R. B. Watt.
Map of Alberta—1 (No name atached to Exhibit taking First); 2, W. R. Stewart.
Wood Carving—1, W. Bishop.
Water Color Painting—1, Mrs. Reeves; 2, Mrs. R. B. Watt.
Collection of Work—1, Miss Celine Van Humbeck.

Miscellaneous

Collection of Amateur Photography—1, H. A. Kennedy; 2, Miss Martin.
Collection of Cut Flowers—1, A. Cameron; 2, J. H. Watt.
Collection of House Plants—1, Mrs. N. E. Carruthers; 2, Mrs. F. Danner.

Special Prizes

Work for Several Thousand Washing Gold Up North

Edmonton, Aug. 27.—Scores of men, working with "griddles" and pans, are scattered along the banks of the Saskatchewan river, which bisects Edmonton, washing gold from the gravel and sand on the bars. The daily clean-up ranges from \$2 to \$4 a man. Experienced miners are directing the work, which is designed to solve the unemployment problem during the next three months.

The plan, which was suggested by Dr. W. D. Ferris, will give employment to several thousand men within the city limits, and as many more up and down the river, said M. S. Booth, commissioner of safety and health. "It has been taken up by some of the old-timers, who washed out from \$10,000 to \$50,000 in gold, each season, in the early '90s, when Edmonton was a village, and they are giving their

services in teaching the men to work "griddles." Placer miners say that the richest tenderfoot should make from \$1.75 to \$2.50 a day.

A gravel company, which has been operating in the Saskatchewan river since territorial days, using a steam dredge to take the gravel from the beds and bars, takes but thousands of dollars in doing gold each season. The fine particles of the precious metal are caught in wooden blankets after passing into the riffles. "There is gold in the river for anyone who isn't afraid of a little hard work," said L. W. Huff, who has been engaged in the work for a dozen years. "It is in fine dust and requires persistence to separate it. The supply is practically inexhaustible, as high water in the spring brings more gold down from the mountains than can be taken out in any single season."

Blackfalds News

The ship of education has set sail once again, with Mr. Adelman as pilot in the senior department, and Miss M. Hill in the primary department. A safe and pleasant voyage is hoped for. After the long vacation, the children will require a few days of breathing space before becoming adjusted to the new circumstances.

The epidemic of berry picking in the district is now almost wiped out. Whether this is due to the presence of a resident medical practitioner in the town or to the efficacy of nature in removing the cause—the berries—she who runs may read.

In our previous issue there appeared in this column a brief report of a case of alleged cattle stealing in the Blackfalds district. We stated that the case was heard in court on Monday, and was a success, and the names of the accused were correctly stated, and the impression likely to be conveyed by the report was also so misleading that we regret giving publicity to same, and listen to make correction. British fair play demands that all accused persons be considered innocent until guilt is proven. While the report in question may have conveyed the impression of guilt after an impartial judge has given a verdict of acquittal.

Iowala News

The rain at the first of the week stopped harvesting for a day, but all are busy at it again.

Mrs. Marquardt has been on the sick list the past week, but her friends are glad to hear that she is recovering.

Miss Rosamita Zieles, of Edmonton, is visiting a few weeks at her grandparents.

A chicken supper will be held at the residence of F. H. Taylor on Sept. 4th. Games will be played on the lawn during the forepart of the evening, after which supper will be served. Adults 25c, children 15c. Songs and recitations will occupy the rest of the evening. All welcome.

Our football team is progressing rapidly, but remember, lads, self-praise is no recommendation. Mrs. Duncan Reeves and daughter spent last week at the cottage. L. F. Prizell, of Rimley, exchanged fields on Sunday last.

Mrs. Whitcotton had the good luck to trap a lynx on Wednesday last, keeping it there till it came to her assistance. Don't forget the social on Sept. 4th.

Milton Football

To The Editor: In a recent issue of this paper was noticed, among the news items of Fairview, an account of a football match between teams representing Milton and Bull Town, purporting to be the game arranged by the captains of the two teams for the purpose of deciding a tie game played at Henry's Lake for a prize of five dollars.

Now the captain of Milton's team did not arrange for any such game and did not know of it until it was over. Furthermore, he made the fact plain, on the day of the first game, that he could not arrange for a second game, and would have claimed for his team its rightful share of the prize but could not find the treasurer of the sports committee.

Notwithstanding these facts, it appears that the Bull Town men managed to arrange for and win a game in which they were opposed by only a part of Milton's team. They then laid claim to and received the whole of the prize from the treasurer, who was told that Milton's captain had

ambushed his team, co-operate in the formation of voluntary aid detachments, male and female, throughout Canada, and especially so far as the women of Canada are concerned, to make such articles for the use of the troops in the field as laid down in the scheme of voluntary medical aid in Canada.

In this scheme the following articles are mentioned as being urgently required at the present time and it is earnestly hoped that the women of Alberta will do their part as well as the men who have so willingly volunteered for active service.

For Ward Use—Pillows, cases, towels, table cloths, medicine chests, attitudinal rollers, towels, fountain pens, water bottle covers, bandages of all descriptions, mug covers, knitted jackets.

For Patients—Use—Calico shirts, socks, handkerchiefs, dressing gowns, slippers, shirts of flannel for bed caps, flannel jackets, bed socks, pyjamas, flannel underwear, abdominal binders (knitted).

A shipment of these articles will be made from Edmonton to the central committee at Ottawa within the next few weeks and all societies or individuals desiring to co-operate by contributing some of their own work should communicate at once with the provincial secretary of the St. John's Ambulance Association, Mr. Milton Harlow, at the Y.M.C.A., office phone 1027, Edmonton.

WILL NOT DELAY ON C. N. R. MAIN LINE

Vancouver, Aug. 28.—Despite the chaotic condition of the money markets, due to the war situation, we intend to finish up the transcontinental line as quickly as possible, according to Sir Donald Mann, Canadian Northern vice-president, on Wednesday.

Sir Donald has been to Victoria to confer with Premier McBride. He says that the company has 3,000 men employed in British Columbia and will keep them at work until rail laying is finished. Grading, he believes, will be finished by the end of next month. Steel has been delivered or is en route for all sections of the main line west of Yellowhead Pass and much of the track work has been completed in the sections between Port Arthur and Toronto, which is to be in operation by Sept. 15th.

BRITISH COLUMBIA FRUIT

To The Editor: "Dear Sir,—The lucious treasured British Columbia preserving peaches and plums are just beginning to appear upon the market, and in accordance with custom, the prairie housewife is about to commence her seasonal fruit preserving activities."

The war scare, however, has had such an effect upon the price of sugar that many people are wondering whether they may not have to curtail the quantities of fruit that they will put up.

It is in the endeavor to reassure such a large class of our readers that I write to call attention to two things:

1. While so many essential articles of food have risen in price on account of the war, fruit is and will be as cheap as ever. There will be distinct economy, therefore, in using it to replace as far as possible other more expensive foods.

2. Excellent results can be secured with fruit put up without the use of sugar. Although not a general practice, this has been done by many people for years, and authorities on preserving all agree that fruit so preserved retains its distinctive flavor very

much better, and is altogether superior to that put up in the ordinary way. The only point is that, when preserving without sugar, it is necessary to be particularly careful to see that the jars are sealed up airtight, and to insure this, the paraffin wax pot should be used in every case. Of course, sugar will eventually have to be used in preparing the fruit for the table, but in this connection I may point out: (1) that very much less sugar is used in this way, when sweetening to taste; and (2) that wholesale prices of sugar in New York have already gone down a little, and there is every likelihood that a long before any great proportion of this season's preserves is used, sugar prices will be normal again.

To put up fruits without sugar, simply prepare the peaches or plums in the ordinary way, place them in jars, fill with cold water, then place the jars in a boiler filled with cold water, and heat to the boiling point. A board should be placed in the bottom of the boiler to keep the jars from the direct heat of the stove. Fruit thus prepared will be found excellent for pies, delicious for eating with cream, and generally superior to the sugar-syrup preserves. If the jars are properly airtight, they will also keep quite as long.

Yours very truly,
J. FORSYTH SMITH,
British Columbia Market Commissioner.

A DISTINCTIVE COW.

Sandwiched in among ordinary yields there are occasional extraordinary yields that make glad the heart of the good cow's owner because he has taken the trouble to record her actual production. While the ordinary cows in July were giving their meagre dollops of seven hundred or six hundred pounds of milk and twenty-four or twenty-five pounds of fat, a grade cow in Quebec gave 1,279 pounds of milk, testing 5.8, yielding 74 pounds of fat.

A cow like that is surely accomplishing something. In six months of such work she would give as good for humanity more digestible nutrients than would be afforded by five average dressed steers. She is giving far more back from the energy contained in her food than the best skilled engineer can obtain from a quadruple expansion engine for the fuel consumed.

It pays to feed good cows well; it also pays any farmer to find out, by keeping records of each cow, just what each produces. In the ordinary way, the above excellent cow would be lumped in with the "average" of the district, while she really deserves a distinct niche to herself in the hall of fame. Perhaps dairy records will discover some distinctively good cows in your herd. Build your herds of selected individuals.

CHARGE IT.

"Just chalk it down," the poor man said, when he had bought some boneless bread and many costly things, his wife and brood of bairns to feed—the most of which they didn't need as much as you need yours. He buys the richest things in town, and always says, "Just chalk it down, I'll pay you soon, you bet," and payday evening finds him broke, his hard-earned plums gone up in smoke, and still he is in debt.

The man who doesn't buy for cash lays in all kinds of costly trash, that he could do without; he spends his coin before it's earned, and roars about it when it's holed—is that your way, old scout? When comes the day of evil luck the war bag doesn't hold a buck to keep the wolf away; the "charge it" plan will work no more at any market, shop or store, no goods unless you pay. The poor man for his money sweats, and he should pay for what he gets, just when he gets the same; then, when he goes his prunes to buy, and sees how fast the nickels fly, he'll dodge the spendthrift game. If you begin to save your stamps, some day, with teardrops in your lamps, this writer you will thank; when man in grief and sickness groans there's naught like having fifteen bones in some good savings bank.

THIS IS A HOME DYE that ANYONE CAN USE
DYOLA
The Guaranteed "ONE DYE" for All Kinds of Cloth.
Color Fast, No Change of Shade. TRY IT!
The World's Best Dye of Cloth. TRY IT!

TALES OF INFAMY.

We are altogether too prone to believe tales of infamy perpetrated by our enemies. If the Germans get into some trouble with school children, the story turns out into a slaughter of innocents. Yet if the same story is told about the English or Belgian soldiers by Germans, it would simply anger us as a horrible lie. None of us for a moment believe the story printed in a German paper that two German women were stripped absolutely naked and dragged through the streets of Antwerp by their hair, while the Belgian police and military looked on with indifference. That is the sort of story that German wrath against their enemies is being fed on. Nobody believes either that in a Belgian town children were thrown out of the window by the infuriated populace, and that women were seen carrying their dead children, whose arms and legs had been broken. The Germans are just as highly civilized a people as we are, and so long as we refuse to credit such stories of the action of our allies, basing our refusal to believe simply on the faith in the civilization to which we and our allies have advanced, we must refuse to credit similar stories regarding German atrocities. The latest news that the Germans have made toothed edges on their bayonets so that in pulling them out they will tear the flesh irreparable, is utterly incredible, and credence given to it can hurt nobody but ourselves. Ever since the German sharp-shooted bullet was introduced over a year ago, English military critics have spoken of it as a horrible innovation. They asserted that it would make ghastly holes in the people struck by it, and would have almost the same effect as a dum-dum or mushroom bullet. The first reports that came to us from the hospitals of our allies are a contradiction of this. The German bullet leaves a very clean, small hole which mends with great rapidity. Those who manufacture and give credence to tales of barbarity on the part of the enemy, are doing infinite harm, because if our own men who go to the front get to believing in such tales, they will act in accordance with their belief, and think it no great wrong to commit barbarities in what they consider a spirit of retribution.

MOUNT ROYAL COLLEGE Calgary

A high-class Residential and Day College for Boys and Young Men, Girls and Young Women. Opening of Fall Term, Tuesday, Sept. 8th, 1914. BUSINESS CLASSES—Book-keeping, Stenography, Accountancy, Type Writing, Etc. MUSIC—Full Conservatory Course, Vocal, Instrumental and Theory. ACADEMIC—Public and High School Grades, Preparation for the University and Teachers' Ladies' College course for Girls, French conversation classes. FINE ART—China Painting, Water Colors, Leather Work, Etc. Expression and Physical Culture, Dramatic Art, Public Speaking, Household Science. For full information and calendar, apply to REV. GEORGE W. KERBY, B.A., D.D., Principal.



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BRITISH COLUMBIA FREESTONE

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The Department of Agriculture has issued an attractive little booklet for free distribution, giving full information as to B.C. Fruits, the best varieties for desert or cooking, the season in which each is at its best, recipes for preserving, etc.

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J. Forsyth Smith, B.C. Market Commissioner,

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Prairie Pride Flour

A first patent grade, per sack \$3.25

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In this department we are well prepared to merit your patronage. Our immense stock, well bought, and we can promise you better values this season than ever before.

Prestley's and Ripley's English Serges

In all the fashionable colorings,
per yard 60c, 85c, 90c, \$1.25

WOOL CREPES,
DIAGONAL SERGES,
BASKET WEAVES,
FANCY TWEEDS & CHECKS,

In Wine, Mahogany, French
Blue, Navy, Brown and Black,
per yard 65c, 85c, 90c,
\$1.35, \$1.50

English Vicunas Meltons & Tweeds

In a splendid array of the fashion-
able colorings, 40 to 44 inches
wide, per yard
30c, 37 1/2c, 45c, 50c, 60c

New Coatings

In
Heavy Soft
Serges,
Heavy Fancy
Tweeds
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Friezes,

select offerings

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Approval,

54 inches wide,

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MISSSES' PEBBLE GRAIN LACE SHOES,
sizes 11 to 2, per pair \$2.00
WOMEN'S PEBBLE GRAIN LACE SHOES,
sizes 3 to 8, per pair \$2.50
CHILDREN'S BOX CALF SHOES,
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low heels, per pair \$2.75

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Extra Qualities and Values

We have just to hand an express shipment of fine quality
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Heavy Wool Scotch

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Coats, Navy and Brown,
A warm stylish coat,
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Soft and warm, 27 inches wide, per yard

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A serious shortage is anticipated by many authorities in food supplies and Farmers should have their own wheat ground if possible. We expect to have to raise our prices from those advertised above